



Outline Presentation

Intro Amsterdam Economic Board

National approach

- Dutch Climate Agreement
- Challenge of Factor 6
- Approach by segments

Local & Regional approach

- Amsterdam Clean Air Action Plan
- Green Deal Zero Emission City Logistics

Best practices/initiatives (private/public/research)



Amsterdam Economic Board

Accelerating transitions towards a smart, green and healthy Metropolis of the future



Digital transition Towards a responsible data-driven society



Circular transition
From a linear to
a circular economy



Energy transition
From fossil fuels
to renewable energy

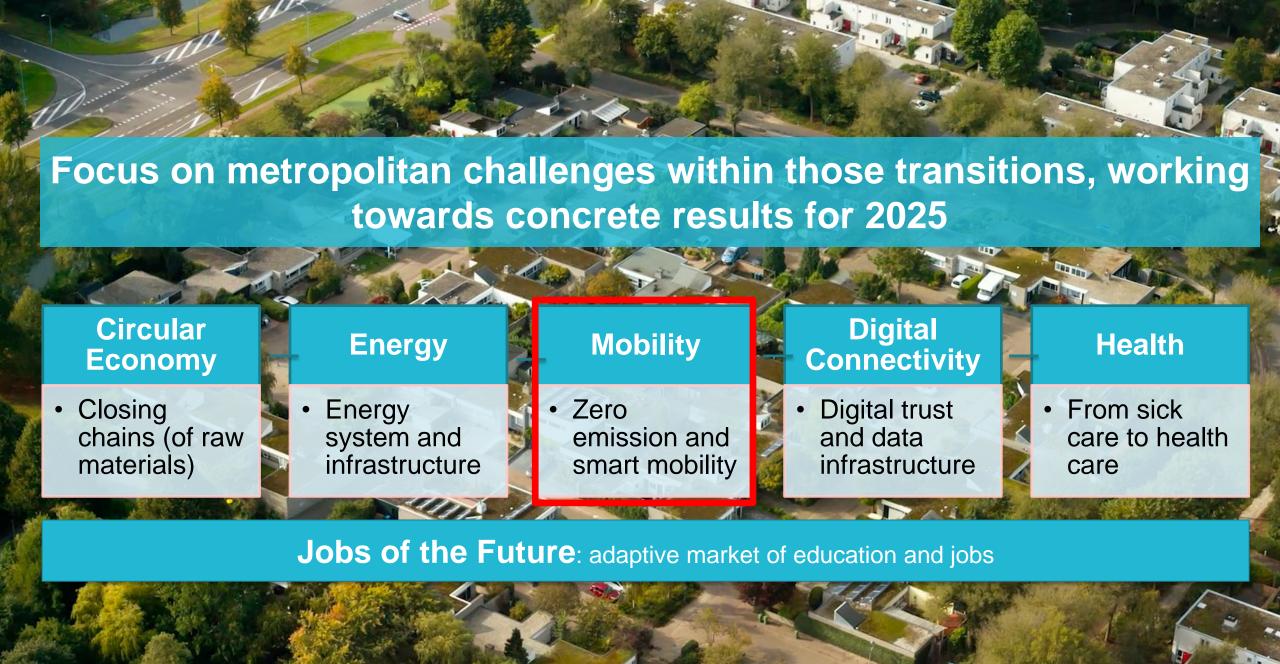
Towards a smart, green and healthy Metropolis of the future

Contribution to solving complex metropolitan challenges to achieve large system changes

Collaboration between:

- government organisations
- Industry/companies
- knowledge institutions

On scale of the Amsterdam Area



Ambitions for the six urban challenges

Circular Economy

 By 2025, the Amsterdam Metropolitan Area will lead the field in the area of smart solutions for the conservation of raw materials.

Energy

By 2025, the Amsterdam Metropolitan Area has made major steps towards a flexible, robust and afordable energy system

Mobility

 By 2025, urban transport in the Amsterdam Metropolitan Area will be zero emission.

Digital Connectivity

 By 2025, the Amsterdam Metropolitan Area will be the most important place in Europe for data-driven innovation.

Health

 By 2025, inhabitants of the Amsterdam Metropolitan Area will be able to expect two additional, healthy life years.

Jobs of the Future: adaptive market of education and jobs

By 2025, the Amsterdam Metropolitan Area will be the most successful region in Europe in terms of utilising, retaining and attracting talent.

Dutch National Climate Agreement (summer 2019)

By 2030, the Netherlands aims to reduce its (GHG) by 49% compared to 1990 levels

Measures by sector: Building Environment, Industry, Mobility, Electricity, Agriculture and Land Use

For Mobility:

- All new passenger cars to be emission-free by 2030;
- Incentives for EV through taxation measures;
- Modal shift from car to bicycle / public transport;
- Smart solutions will enable logistics to organise more efficient and sustainable transport
- In 2025, zero-emission logistics zones will be established in 30-40 larger municipalities.



The challenge of Factor 6

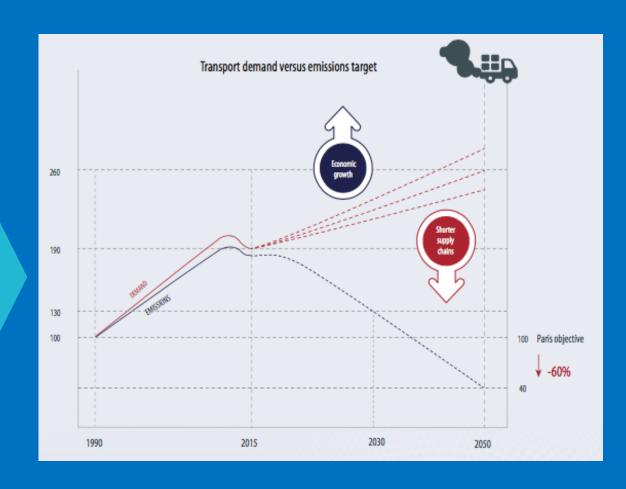
Worldwide, 60% of the oil consumed is used in the transport of people and goods.

In the Netherlands, the transport of goods is expected to grow 22% to 50% by 2050

If the sector fails to act, its CO₂ emissions will continue to rise.

1/3 hinterland, 1/3 national roads, 1/3 city logistics

The transport sector in the Netherlands needs to improve its CO₂ productivity by a <u>factor of 6</u> by 2050 (compared to 1990 levels).

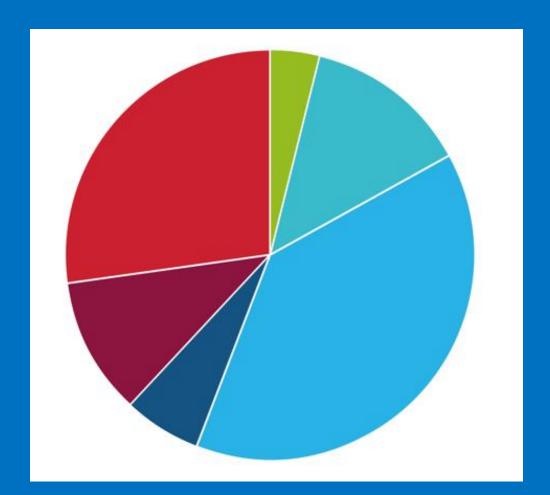


A sixfold increase in CO₂ productivity is required in the Netherlands to achieve CO₂ the reduction targets for the EU28

Segments City Logistics

(GHG emissions per segment)

- Parcels and Express (4% > 9% in 2050)
- Temperature Controlled (13% > 19% in 2050)
- General Cargo and Retail (39%)
- Waste Logistics (6%)
- Facility Logistics (11%)
- Construction Logistics (27%)



City of Amsterdam Clean Air Action Plan (2019)



Communication

- Publicity campaigns to raise awareness
- Municipality as a forerunner/role model



Stimulation

- Subsidies for various target groups
- Privileges for e-drivers (parking permits)
- Specific measures in most polluted streets



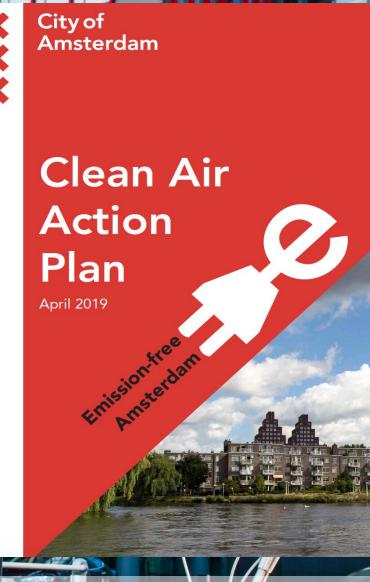
Facilitation

- Expanding network of charging points
- 62 highspeed chargers by 2026
- Strategy to guarantee reliability network

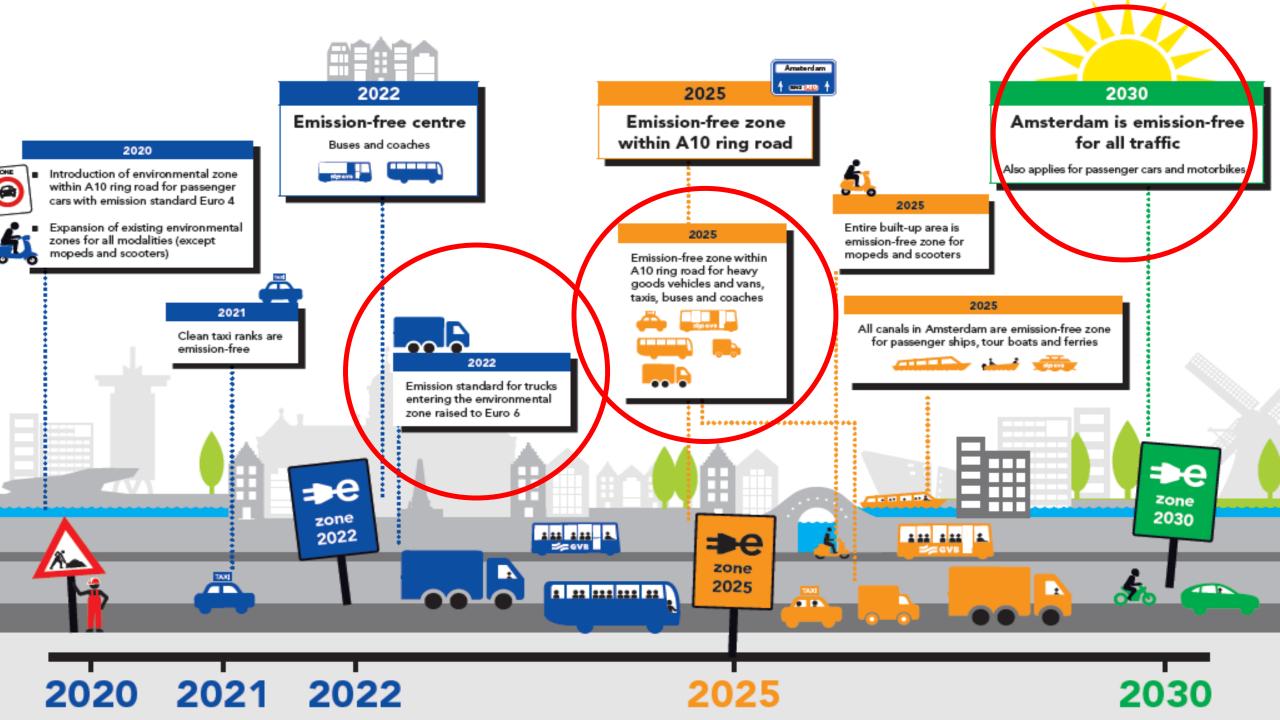


Regulation

- Expanded environmental zones (part from national harmonisation)
- Tackling pollution at the source



'Tackling pollution at the source' 'Better air, better climate' 'Fewer, smarter and cleaner'





2022

Emission standard for trucks entering the environmental zone raised to Euro 6

Emission-free zone within the A10 ring road in 2025

For buses, coaches, passenger ships, taxis, vans and heavy goods vehicles, pleasure craft, public ferries (mopeds and scooters in the entire built-up area)



Emission-free Amsterdam in 2030

For buses, coaches, passenger ships, taxis, vans and heavy goods vehicles, pleasure craft, public ferries, mopeds and scooters, passenger cars and motorbikes.





'Green Deal Zero Emission City Logistics AMA'

To achieve a new approach to city logistics, innovations are required that involve a combination of:

Organization

new 'triple helix' collaboration on logistics concepts, freight bundling, urban consolidation centers, etc.

Regulations

delivery time windows, emission free zones, licences, permits, etc.

Technology

Smart solutions and zero-emission vehicles

Behavior

Does an online order always have to be delivered straight away?





Smart and sustainable purchasing



Food service by e-car









Stadslogistiek













































































































Approach and initiatives Amsterdam Economic Board

2018

- Building a '<u>Coalition of the Willing</u>' with committed regional frontrunners on smart & clean city logistics
- Zero Emission City Logistics through 6 segments ("from parcels to construction logistics")
- Initiative for competition "Smart and Clean Contruction Logistics in the Amsterdam Area"

2019

- Initiative three 'Round Table Sessions' for policy makers (32 municipalities, 2 provinces) to create more awareness and commitment.
- Signing moment commitment 'Green Deal Zero Emission City Logistics' by 60 public and private organisations and Knowledge Institutes on June 17th 2019
- Building an active triple helix Green Deal Community (current action)
- Organising <u>quarterly Meet-ups</u> for policy makers, companies/entrepreneurs and reseachers to inspire, share knowledge and work together ('living labs')

Green Deal Community: current and near future topics

- Exploring to set up "zero emission zones" in (larger) regional cities by 2025
- Fostering EV-charge facilities on local and regional scale (incl subsidies)
- Regulating <u>handling/loading zones</u> in public space
- Aligning ITS-solutions (Data/IOT), Intelligent Access and Logistic Time Zones
- Sustainable logistics as part of public and private procurement (purchasing)
- Exploring opportunities for <u>Hydrogen Fuel Stations</u> and creating 'critical mass'.
- Stimulating development of regional "Logistic Hubs" or "Urban Consolidation Centers"
- Finding <u>new 'modes'</u> for city logistics: water (rivers, canals, etc.)
- Fostering innovation (Autonomous Vehicles, 'Roboats', etc)

Research: LEFV-LOGIC

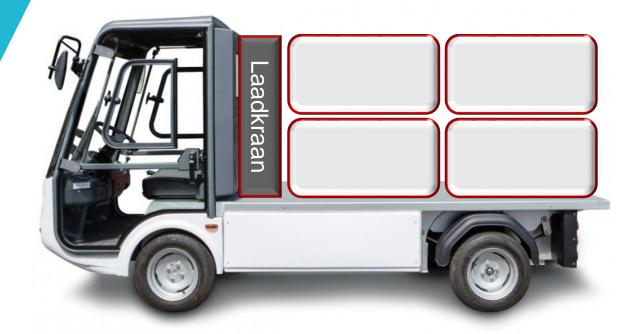
Light Electric Freight Vehicles in Amsterdam

What is the impact of the introduction of light electric vehicles in Amsterdam?

https://vimeo.com/207259009

https://vimeo.com/240834536





Private initiative City Hub Sustainability of purchasing / procurement

Amsterdam University of Apllied Science & University of Amsterdam & Deudekom/PostNL

80 college buildings

 12.000 suppliers (food, drinks, printed matter, facility services, etc.)

90.000 delevery trips a year

2.8 milion kilometers every year

= 70 times circling the earth!

Solution: 'Last mile' zero emission consolidation hub!

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MLLSDZ1p0a8
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Private initiative: DHL

Zero emission technology / DHL

Working with new technologies, like EV opportunities, requires some getting used to. New technologies sometimes offer new perspectives

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q9tBANKrkGM



Private initiative:
Amsterdam Logistics City
Hub

A new distribution location on the Nort sea Canal to support environment-frindly delevery of packages, building materials and catering supplies over the waterways. In addition to transport by water, there wil also be electric vehicles.

https://youtu.be/2c0YbemhhQo

Research: 'ITSLOG'

Smart use of (un)loading zones

The project will determine whether available loading and unloading zones can be related to the actual position and the estimated time of arrival of trucks on the loading and unloading zone, at the store or home address.

- Just in time arrival of goods
- Avoiding occupied (un)loading zones
- Avoiding congestion/waiting hours

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rjABBIIFCGo

Research: "Oude Pijp"

AUAS & City of Amsterdam

Amsterdam's "Oude Pijp", is an increasingly crowded neighborhood of 800 by 800 meters and 15,000 inhabitants. No fewer than 1,000 carrier vehicles make deliveries each day.

Conclusion:

800 of those vehicles drive into the neighborhood make just one delivery, and in by far the most cases it concerned transport on own account.

That is hardly sustainable....
How do we solve that?



Research: 'Door survey' Zuidas Business District

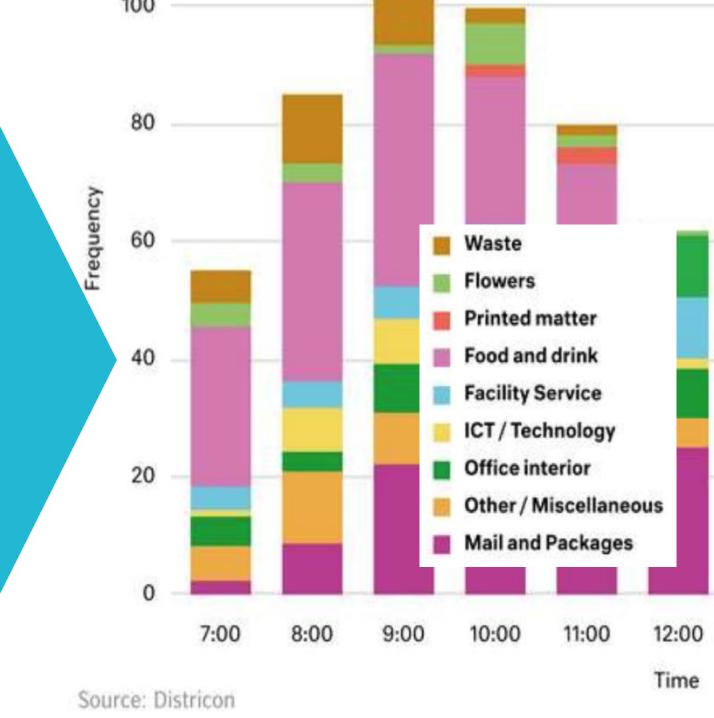


Survey at three large companies in Zuidas gives insights in:

- number of stops per hour
- per product group

Interventions:

Bundling/minimising unnecessary transport through a shared pickup point & a 'hub'



Start up: Evanet Nano Hub"

Smart use of bus stop as logistics point

Using the bus stop as the central point.

Functions of pick up and drop off of humans and goods are combined and are enriched with a number of additional services.

Attractive for residents and travelers since they receive more regional services in one single, central point.



Innovation & research: Duwaal Project (Hygro)

Hydrogen from wind

Network of 5 fuel stations in the North Holland region:

Refuelling 350 & 700 bar

 Hydrogen cost price equal to diesel fuel costs

• 100 hydrogen trucks

Waste collection trucks & box trucks with

cooling system

Operational lease including hydrogen

https://vimeo.com/249162216



Innovation & research:
Roboat (AMS Institute & MIT)

Roboat is the world's first major research program on autonomous floating vessels in metropolitan areas.

It allows for creating:

- dynamic infrastructure
- transportation of goods & people
- environmental sensing on Amsterdam's canals.

https://vimeo.com/296821657



